

**REPORT ON LOCAL VISUAL EMISSION
OBSERVER TRAINING
JANUARY 22 to 24 2013**



**Prepared by
Environmental Management Subdivision
National Environment and Planning Agency
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Background

The Visual Emission Observer Training in method 9 (opacity), which was held on the 22-24 of January 2013 is one of the prescribed methods of monitoring opacity to verify compliance under the Natural Resources Conservation Authority (Air Quality Regulations 2006). Under this regulation the Agency has licensed thirty one (32) facilities whom all are required to maintain a 20% to 40% opacity standard for their air emission points.

On the 13 October 2010 the Agency received funding from the NRCA to send two of its officers on this specialize training which was previously only offered overseas. The method also requires the individual to be recertified every six month so this cost would become recurrent on the Agency's budget. In order for the Agency to be effective in its monitoring and enforcement of this opacity standard it was necessary to have a greater portion of the Agency's field officers trained in this method.

As mentioned before 32 Air Pollutant Discharge licences have been issued to the various industries across the island. In all the Licences issued the licensee is required to monitor and report Opacity to the Agency. The reference method 9 is also the prescribed method to be used by each licensee and hence the cost to train one of their employees would basically equate to the same cost experienced by the Agency when it trained its officers in October 2010.

Opacity of exhaust air emissions from a stack or any other source is directly related to the release of Criteria Air Pollutants, Lead, Hydrogen Sulphide, Green House Gases and Priority Air Pollutants that will contribute to a rise in ambient air concentrations which intern will affect human health and the environment negatively. The reduction and control of Opacity levels from exhaust emissions into the air will result in reduced air pollution and the reduction of our annual ambient air quality particulate matter measurements which have been languishing in the high $70\text{ug}/\text{m}^3$ (Jamaica's Ambient Air Quality Standard for annual averages is $60\text{ug}/\text{m}^3$) for the past three years especially in the Kingston and St. Andrew region.

The five major goals of this project are:

1. Expand Agency's and other government department's capacity in Method 9 at a reduced cost so that the necessary monitoring and enforcement of the regulations can be effective.
2. Reduce the recurrent cost for recertification every six months for training of government employees.

3. Provide training in method 9 for license facilities at a reduced cost so that they can maintain the National standard of 20% Opacity by monitoring, reporting and taking corrective action.
4. A reduction in emissions and the improvement of our ambient air quality.
5. Raise the general awareness of operators of air pollutant sources to the importance of proper source management to reduce emissions, improve efficiency of their process and save energy by better fuel use.

Goals 1- 5 were achieved upon completion of a successful training in 2013.

Strategy to achieve goals

The strategies remained the same as were presented in the first report on the January 2011 installment of this workshop.

Training Logistics Details

The Agency's target of forty five (45) private sector participants was achieved at the January workshop. A total of forty two (48) private sector employees participated in this training.

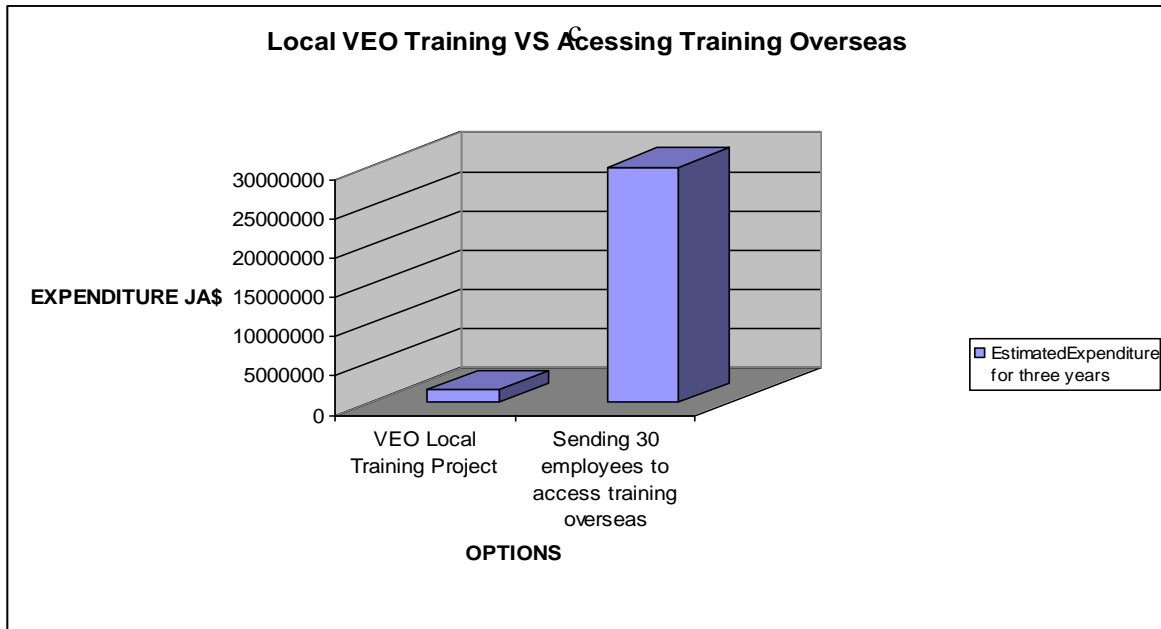
Workshop Results

A total of seventy five (75) Participants attended the workshop. Twenty seven (27) participants from the public sector and universities combined were trained at no cost amounting to a savings of over JA\$4M to the Government of Jamaica. Forty eight (48) private sector employees attended the training and forty seven (47) received field certification. All twenty nine (29) public sector participants received field certification.

A total of thirty six (36) participants attended the classroom session of the workshop which was hosted by the Chemistry Department of the University of the West Indies Mona. Sixteen (16) participants from the Government and Universities combined (public sector) and twenty (20) from the private sector attended the classroom session. All seventy five (75) participants participated in the field training for two days hosted on the front field of the University of Technology.

All seventy four (74) of the seventy five (75) participants received field certification and are qualified to use Method 9 to make and report measurements to the Agency. There were twenty two (22) new participants. The training achieved a 98.6% certification rate which is lower than the 100% achieved at the July 2012 workshop where no one failed.

Graph 1 Below emphasizes the Opportunity Cost saved from the project as currently being operated.



The above analysis does not include the revenue recovery aspect which the project has planned as well. The registration fee charged by the Agency to each private sector participant attending the training allows the Agency to recover the expenses associated with the training and allow the training project to be self-sufficient, not requiring any capital input for the remainder of the three years.

Conclusion

The expenditure on this current training and the recurrent events has been recovered from the registration fee charged. The opportunity cost saved by the Agency hosting this training locally is exponential. The project has been and continues to achieve the goals it has laid out and build the capacity of the island and the regulators to monitor and regulate in order to improve the country's air quality. A total of seventy five (75) persons were trained as Visual Emission Observers and the country's capacity to monitor this pollutant stands at seventy four (74) persons. The government's capacity has been increased by twenty seven (27) Visual Emission Observers to better regulate the sector. The cost savings by the government and private sector for this specialized training continue to improve and with the tracking of this pollutant the overall air quality should soon be improved in the country

Recommendations and follow up actions:

1. The routine monitoring schedule for all trained certified Agency staff is amended to include the new observers.
2. Routine Opacity readings will be added to the work plans of all trained staff in the coming 2013-2014 year.
3. Data gathered from routine monitoring will be used in Air Shed modeling and added to the National Air Emission Inventory Data base being compiled by NEPA
4. Data gathered should be used to inform policy and standards..

APPENDIX A

ACTUAL PRIVATE SECTOR ATTENDEES AT TRAINING

COMPANIES	TRAINEES CERTIFIED
1. Redstripe	1
2. Jamaica Public Service Company limited	14
3. Jamaica Private Power Company Limited	4
4. CEMEX Jamaica Ltd.	1
5. Caribbean Products Company limited	2
6. Jamaica Broilers Group Limited	4
7. Caribbean Cement Company limited	1
8. Petrojam limited	4
9. Noranda Jamaica Bauxite partners	3
10. JAMALCO	2
11. J. Wray and Nephew	3
12. WINDALCO Bauxite	4
13. Jamaica Energy partners	2
14. Worthy Park Estate	1

TOTAL	46
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Government Attendance at the Training

1. NEPA	23
2. JBI	2
3. EHU	1
4. WMHU	2

TOTAL	28
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University Attendees

1. UWI	1
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TOTAL	1
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TOTAL ATTENDEES AT FIELD AND LECTURE	75
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